# 354 30 T. P. P <br>  <br>  <br> ger 

Mansoura University
Electromagnetic (1)
Faculty of Engineering
Electrical Eng. Dept.

Time allowed: 90 minutes
التخلثفات

Final Exam., July 2011

## Second Part

## $>$ Please Attempt ALL Questions

## Fourth Question

(a) At time $t=0$ a lossy dielectric sphere has 5 mC of charge uniformly distributed throughout its interior. The sphere has a diameter of 3 cm and constitutive parameters $\varepsilon$ $=10 \varepsilon_{0}$ and $\sigma=1 \mathrm{~S} / \mathrm{m}$. For all t , find (i) the current density J inside and outside the sphere and (ii)the electric field $E$ inside and outside the sphere.
(b) An infinite sheet is located in the $\mathrm{X}-\mathrm{Y}$ plane and centred around the origin. The sheet has a surface current density $\mathbf{J}_{\mathrm{S}}=J_{0}{ }^{a_{y}}$. Determine the magnetic flux density at a point on the z-axis.

## Fifth Question

(a) A small circular loop of radius $a$ is carrying a direct current of I Amperes. The loop lies in the $\mathrm{X}-\mathrm{Y}$ plane and is centred around the origin. Use the magnetic vector potential approach to compute the magnetic flux density $(B)$ produced by the loop at some point in the space.
(b) Suppose a time-varying magnetic field is defined in space in a cylindrical coordinate system as

$$
\mathbf{B}= \begin{cases}\mathrm{B}_{0} \sin \omega \mathrm{a} & \mathbf{a}_{\mathbf{z}} \\ 0 & \mathrm{r} \leq \mathrm{r}_{0} \\ 0 & \mathrm{r}>\mathrm{r}_{0}\end{cases}
$$

Determine the induced electric field via Faraday's law.

## Sixth Question

(a) Two coaxial filaments of constant current are shown in Fig. 1. Determine the magnetic flux density at some point on the $z$ axis above the second filament.
(b) The electric and magnetic fields in free space in a spherical coordinate system are:
$\mathbf{E}=\frac{12}{\mathrm{r}} \sin \theta \cos \left(\omega \mathrm{t}-\frac{4 \pi}{3} \mathrm{r}\right) \mathbf{a}_{\theta} \quad \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{m}, \mathbf{H}=\frac{18}{140 \pi \mathrm{r}} \sin \theta \cos \left(\omega \mathrm{t}-\frac{4 \pi}{3} \mathrm{r}\right) \mathbf{a}_{\phi} \quad \mathrm{A} / \mathrm{m}$
Determine the Poynting vector. What is the direction of power flow?. Calculate the total time-average power leaving the spherical closed regions of radius 170 m and 10 Km .


Fig. 1

